

Comorbid depression and anxiety: Is the whole more than the sum of its parts?

A neuroimaging perspective

umcg

Marie-José van Tol, PhD Neuroimaging Center, University Medical Center Groningen University of Groningen The Netherlands

Nederlandse Studie naar Depressie en Angst

m.j.van.tol@umcg.nl



No conflicting interests



Networks







Depression & Anxiety





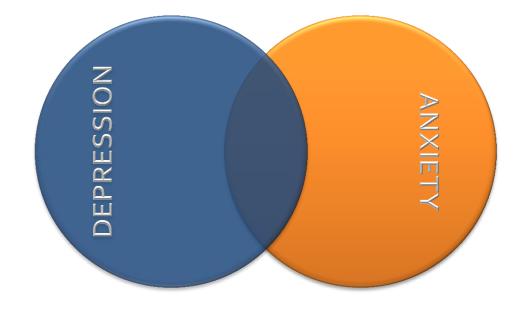






Depression & Anxiety

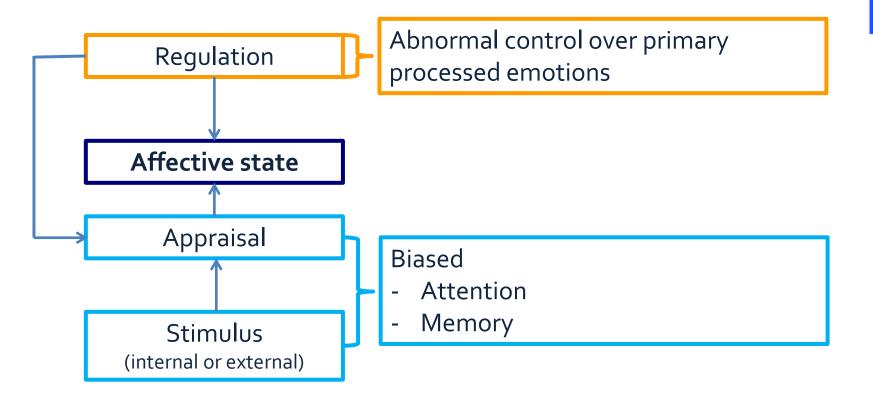






Proposed mechanism of vulnerability



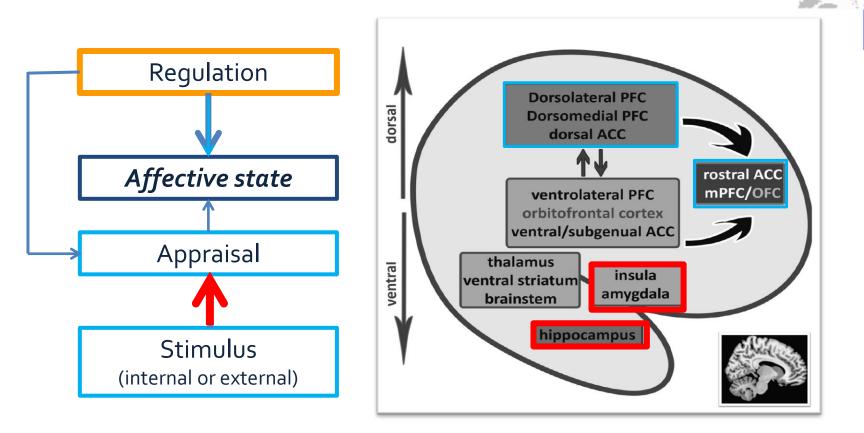


Disner et al., 2010 Peckham et al. 2010 Armstrong & Olatunji, 2012 Bar-Haim et al., 2007



Adapted from M.L. Phillips et al., 2003 (Biol Psy)

Proposed mechanisms



Adapted from M.L. Phillips et al., 2003 & H. Mayberg, 1997.

NEUROIMAGING CENT



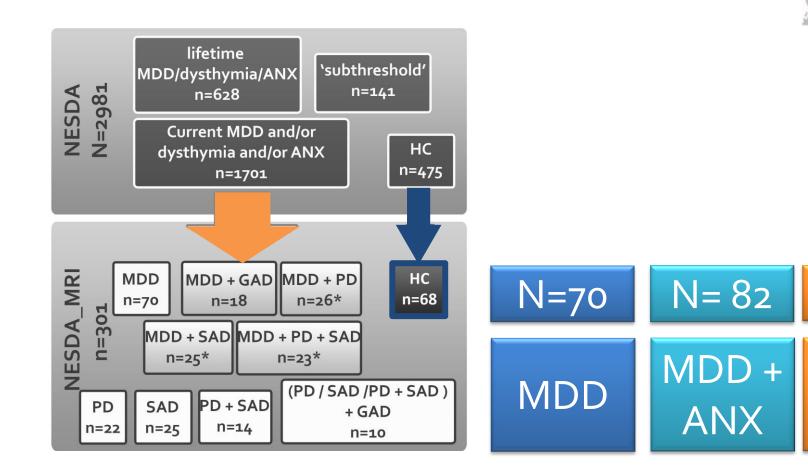
Supported by D. Arnone et al. 2012, structural meta-analysis J.P. Hamilton et al. 2012, functional meta-analysis

NESDA NeuroImaging study



N=71

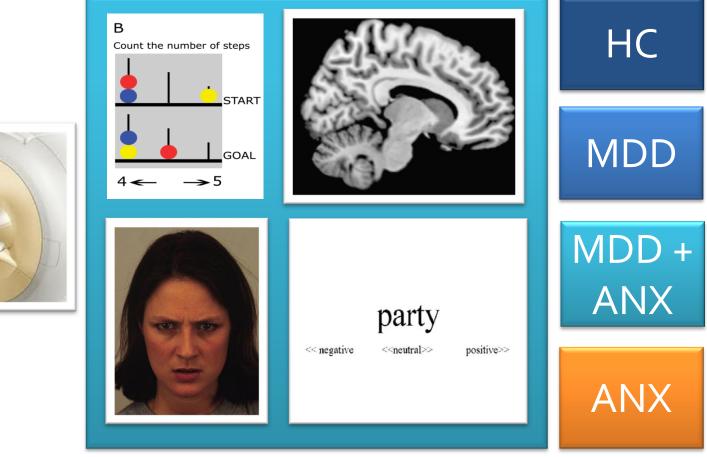
ANX





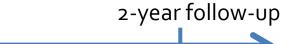
NESDA Neurolmaging study





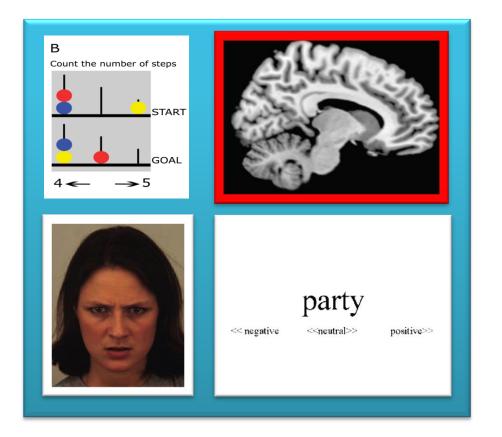


Baseline



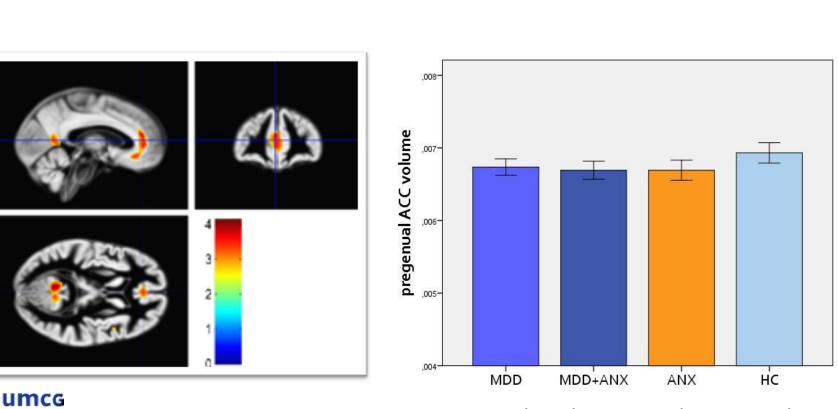
Volumetry







All patients < Healthy Controls

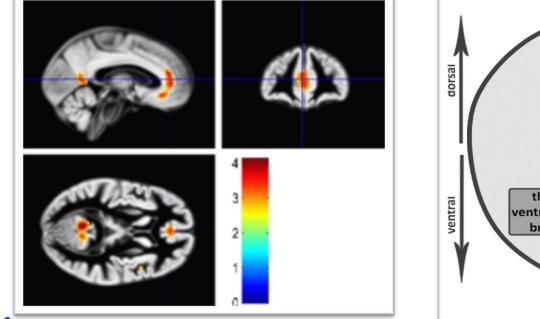


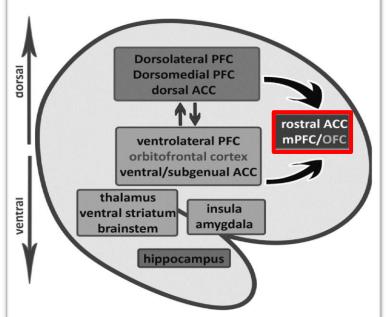
Van Tol et al. 2010, Arch Gen Psychiatry

NEUROIMAGING CI

No effects of:

- depression severity
- anxiety severity
- duration & onset of disorder
- medication use





umcg

Van Tol et al. 2010, Arch Gen Psychiatry

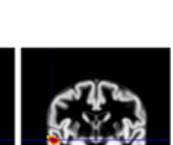
IEUROIMAGING CENT

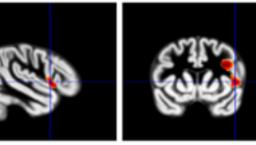


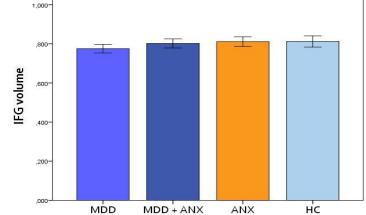
depression

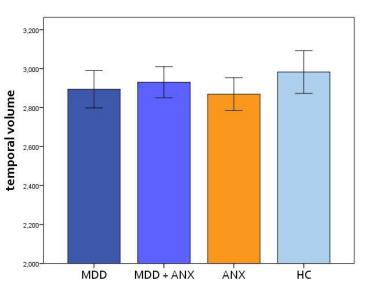
anxiety







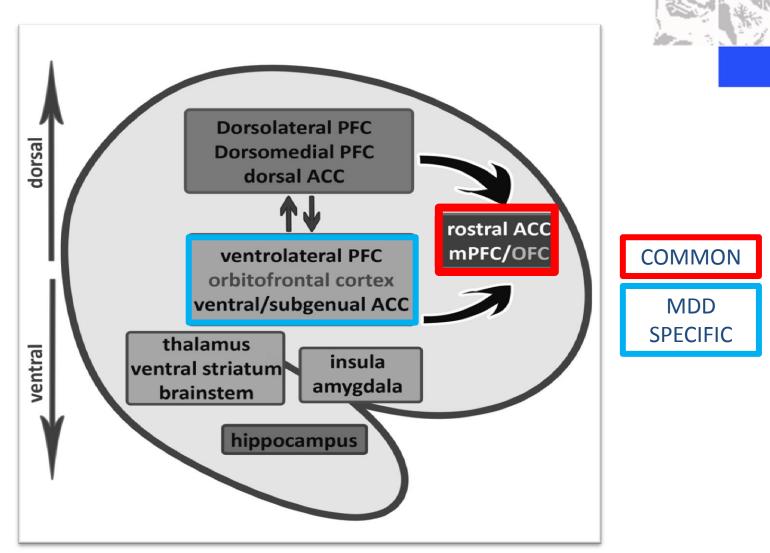




Specific effects

NEUROIMAGING CENTER GRONING

Summary: volume abnormalities

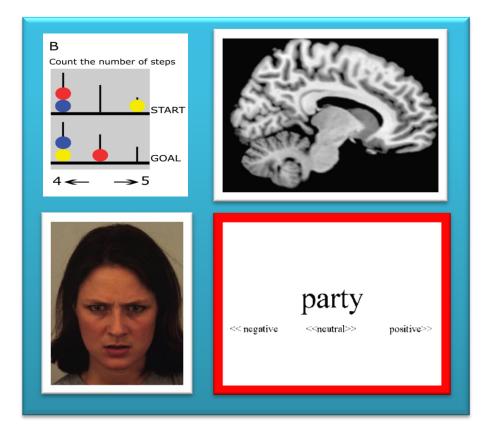


NEUROIMAGING CENTE

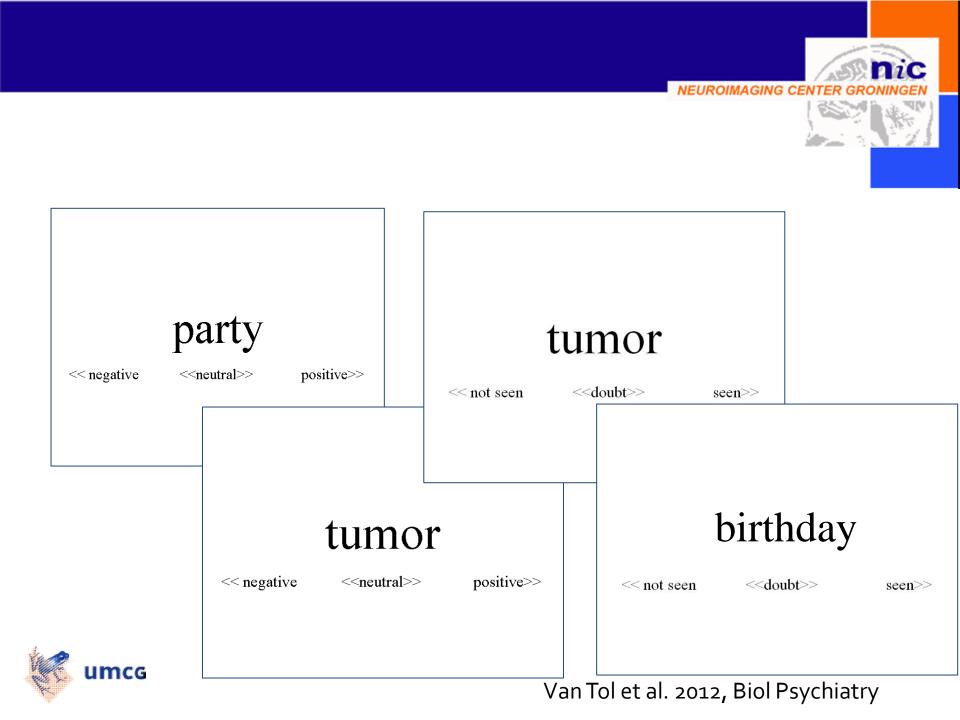


Emotional word memory













- Patients classified less words as positive
- Patients take longer time to classify positive words

-> strongest effects in MDD patients



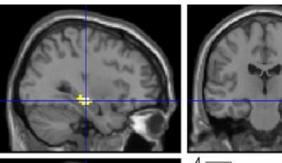
Van Tol et al. 2012, Biol Psychiatry

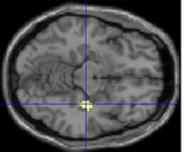
All patients < Healthy Controls

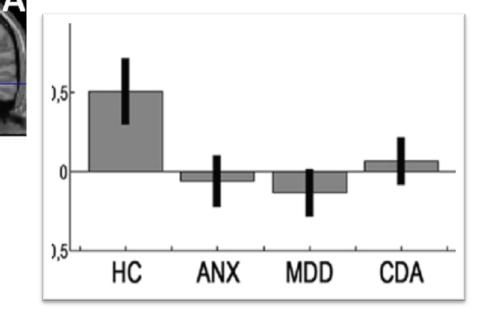
No effects of:

- depression severity
- anxiety severity
- duration & onset of disorder
- medication use

		- AS	
	NEUROIMAGI	NG CENTER	GRONINGEN
<< negative	party < <neutral>></neutral>	positive>>	



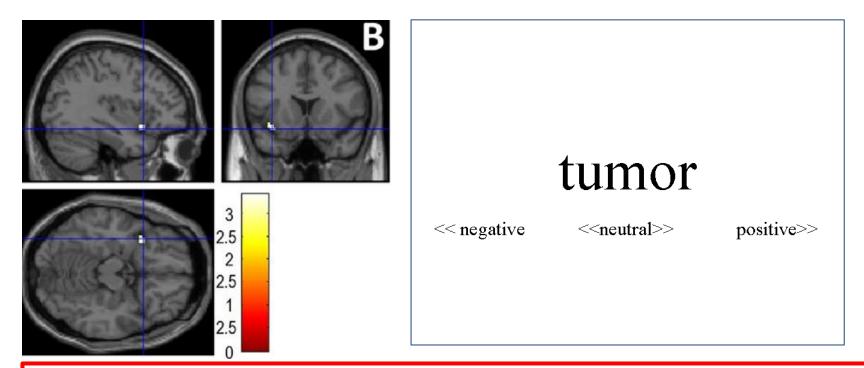






Specific to depression

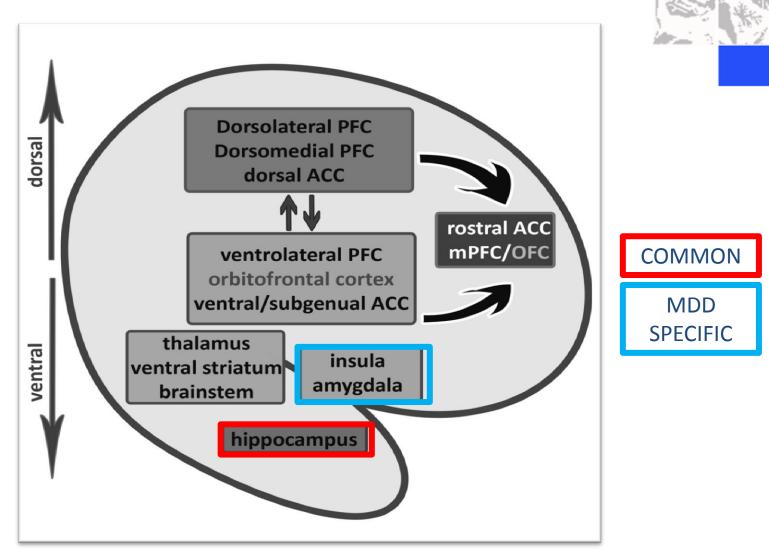




Primary emotional effects are depression severity dependent



Summary: emotional memory

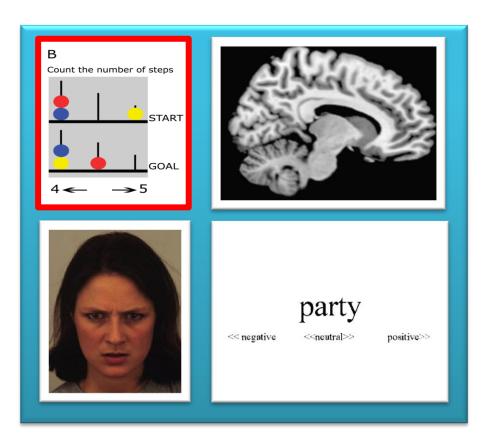


NEUROIMAGING CENTE



Cognitive control





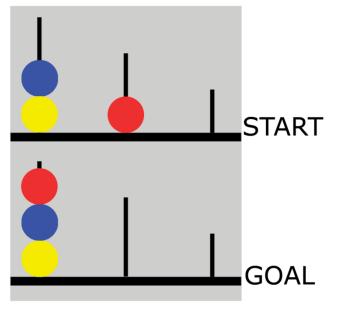


Cognitive control

NEUROIMAGING CENTER GRONINGEN

Α

Count the number of steps

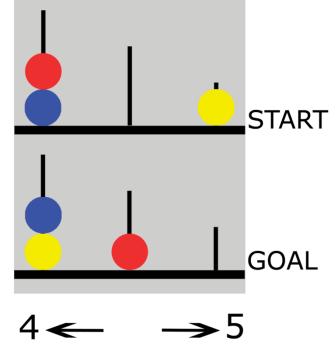


1← ⇒2

umcg

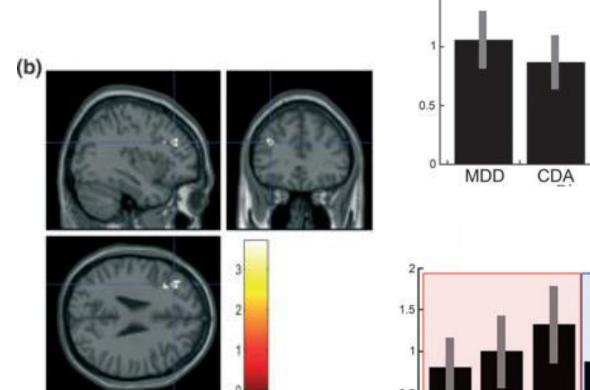
В





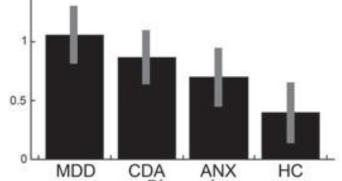
Depression specific effect



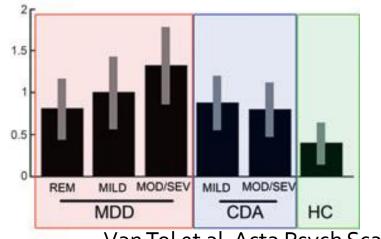




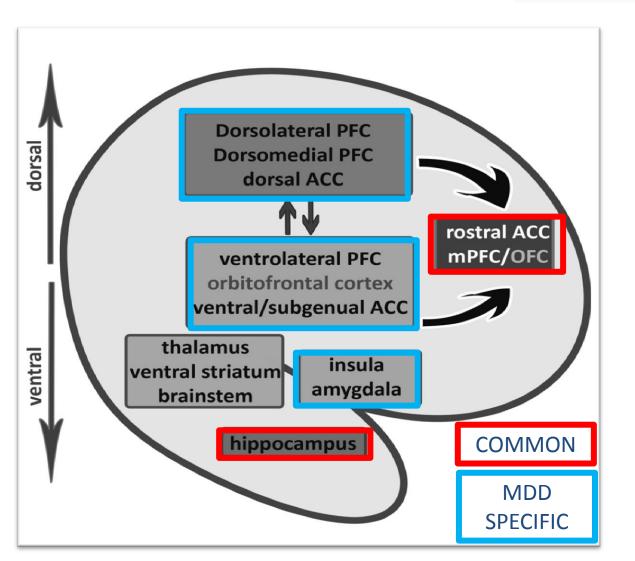
Van Tol et al, Acta Psych Scand, 2011



1.5



Summary of results



nnC

NEUROIMAGING CENTER



VEUROIMAGING CENTER GRONINGEN

MDD patients are vulnerable for abnormal emotion regulation on 'both sides': primary emotion processing and regulation capacities;

Patients with primarily anxiety disorders do share abnormalities in the region responsible for integration and positive memory encoding, but no specific effects;

Contrary to expectations and clinical characteristics: Brain abnormalities are not more abnormal in patients with both depression and anxiety, but seem partly dependent on depression severity



Discussion

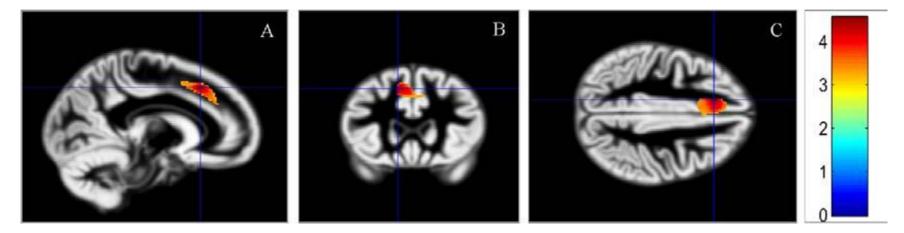


- For negative emotion processing and cognitive functioning in patients with depression: severity matters
- For structure and positive processing, severity does not matter
- Anxiety severity did not largely affect results, nor did anxious component of depressive symptomatology

Tasks not sensitive enough to anxiety? Severity ranges from remitted to severely anxious/depressed --> Too mild?



Childhood emotional maltreatment affected patients and controls similarly



Van Harmelen & van Tol et al., 2010, Biol Psychiatry Van Harmelen, van Tol et al., 2014, SCAN





Thank you for your attention!



m.j.van.tol@umcg.nl

Thanks to:































m.j.van.tol@umcg.nl

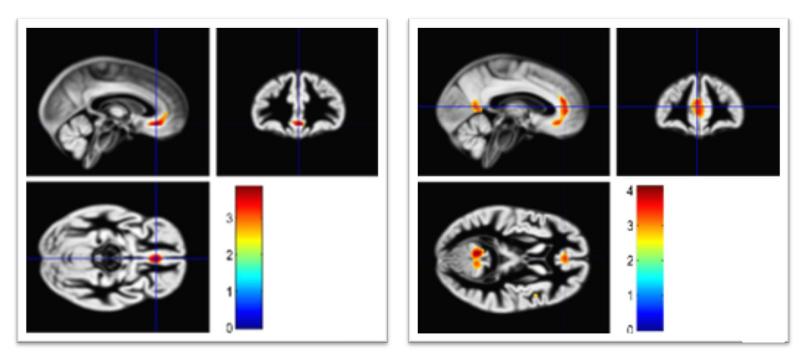






Early onset MDD <18 vs. late onset MDD

Independent of comorbid anxiety or current severity

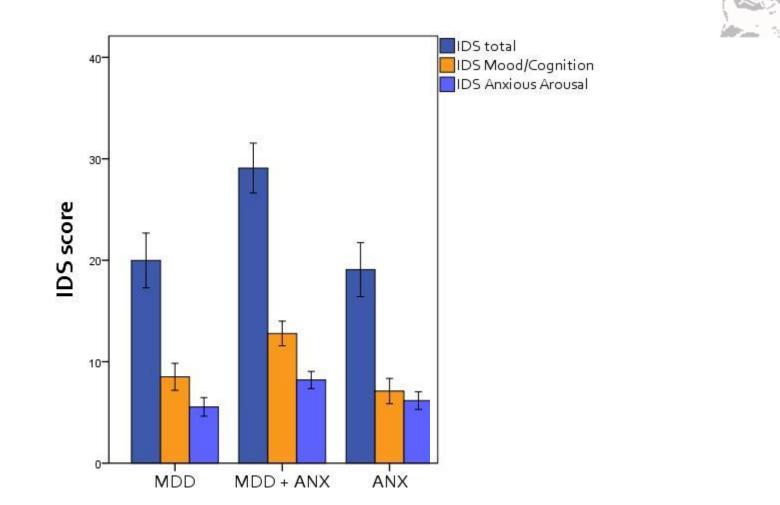




Van Tol et al. 2010, Arch Gen Psychiatry

Dimensions of Depression & Anxiety

NEUROIMAGING CENTER GRONINGEN





NEUROIMAGING CENTER GROM



nic

Clinical characteristics of the total sample (N=289)

		MDD	CDA	ANX	НС	p
Ν		68	88	68	65	
gender	male/female; N	24/44	29/59	18/50	24/41	.59
scan site	amc/lumc/umcg; N	18/26/24	28/35/25	21/20/27	27/26/12	.97
handedness	left/right; N	6/62	6/82	5/63	5/60	.14
SSRI use	yes/no; N	18/50	40/48	21/47	0/65	.03
age	in years; mean ± sd	37.16 ± 10.24	37.27 ± 10.64	35.96 ± 9.45	40.54 ± 9.71	.07
education	in years; mean ± sd	12.67 ± 2.91	11.62 ± 3.13	13.11 ± 3.21	14.28 ± 2.86	<.001
MADRS	total score; mean ± sd	13.01 ± 9.18	19.94 ± 9.16	10.93 ± 8.66	1.05 ± 1.86	<.001
	range	0 – 39	0 – 49	0 – 35	0 – 7	
	rem/mild/mod_sev; N	24/25/19	9/35/43	-	-	<.001
IDS T1	total score; mean ± sd	27.68 ± 9.96	33.02 ± 11.51	22.79 ± 11.91	5.14 ± 3.51	<.001
IDS T2	total score; mean ± sd	19.85 ± 11.86	29.49 ± 11.16	19.26 ± 10.81	3.79 ± 3.58	<.001
	range	1 – 57	5 – 57	4 – 49	0 - 17	
BAI T1	total score; mean ± sd	11.68 ± 8.86	18.41 ± 9.10	15.22 ± 9.9	1.89 ± 3.11	<.001
BAI T2	total score; mean ± sd	8.95 ± 8.2	18.23 ± 8.97	14.12 ± 9.60	2.19 ± 2.57	<.001
	range	0 - 50	1 – 46	0 – 42	0 – 10	
FQ	total score; mean ± sd	21.1 ± 15.39	36.35 ± 19.09	37.17 ± 20.48	9.05 ± 7.71	<.001
	range	0 – 79	6 – 88	3 – 84	0 – 29	
interval	in days; mean ± sd	71.4 ± 59.1	57.9 ± 49.5	69.9 ± 33.2	63.7 ± 28.8	.22
recurrence MDD	single/recurrent episode; N	29/39	39/49	-	-	

